

Erosion and Sediment Control Application and Permit
(Required For Land Disturbance of 3,000 sq ft or greater**)
(See City of Duluth LDC Article 2 Section 50-18 1 E) Revised January 2011

SITE LOCATION	luth UDC Article 2, Section 30	J-18.1.E) Ke	vised January 2011
SHE LUCATION			
Site Address:			Date:
Lot:	Plat & Parcel:		
Nature of Project			
Est. Start Date:	Est. Completion	Date:	
OWNER / CONTRACTOR			
Property Owners Name			Telephone No.
Address	City	State	Zip
Contractors Name			Telephone No.
Address	City	State	Zip
CITY USE ONLY			
City Engineer Approval:			Date:
Permit Number:	Permit Fee:	\$150	\$300
SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR FEE S	CHEDULE AND ADDI	TIONAL	REQUIREMENTS
MS-4 Statement of Compliance The property owner and the contractor cactivities that occur on the site. By signiferosion and sediment control BMPs to esite. This includes but is not limited to the leaving the site, soil eroding from the site. If sediment, soil/mud and/or debris leave and all costs and fines associated with it vegetation on the site (seed/mulch, sod, and only after vegetation has been estable. Property Owner	onducting work on the site as ing this permit both parties a naure that sediment, soil and racking of soil /mud onto pute onto roadways or drainages the site, both parties are roadways) after construction lished with vigorous growth	are responsare required debris does ablic streets editches or esponsible for the disturbance an BMPs	I to install and maintain es not leave the construc- and roadways from ve- onto neighboring prop- for the immediate clean the total restoration of ce is substantially com-
41 9	= 1	,	
Contractor	/ Te	lephone #	/ Date

EROSION CONTROL PERMIT FEES

Size of Project* (*****)	Erosion and Sediment Control Plan	Erosion and Sediment Control Permit	FEE
Land Disturbance Area less than 3,000 s.f.**	Specific plan not required, but must follow BMPs	No	No Fee
Land Disturbance Area greater than 3,000 s.f. and less than 10,000 s.f.	Yes	Yes	\$150
Land Disturbance Area greater than 10,000 s.f. and less than 1 acre.	Yes	Yes	\$300
Land Disturbance Area equal to or greater than 1 acre.	Yes***	No ****	No Fee to City

^{*} All projects regardless of area disturbed, will be inspected for compliance with Erosion and Sediment Control Best Management Practices (BMPs), see attached.

NOTE: For projects disturbing one acre or more, the MPCA Stormwater Permit for Construction Activitity must be completed--not the City of Duluth's form. www.pca.state.mn.us/water/stormwater/stormwater-c.html

The entire MS4 Permit (31 pages) may also be found at the MPCA: website:

www.pca.state.mn.us/water/stormwater/stormwater-ms4.html#requirements

City of Duluth Erosion and Sediment Control Plan Guidelines

Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP)

The Permit Application should be filled out and the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan should be prepared as follows:

- Complete the attached Narrative form Item No. 1, or use a separate sheet. Fill in <u>all</u> areas as completely as possible.
- Complete a Site Map / Plan showing the items listed below in item No. 2 and see Elements of Erosion Control Plan, Site Map Requirements for further guidance to address specific item for each plan. Additionally see example site map / plan.
- Incomplete Narratives or Site Map / Plans will be returned for additional information and will delay permit approval.

Erosion and Sediment Control Methods

Control of sediment is required so that it does not migrate to an adjoining property, roadway, catch basin, or a wetland/watercourse. Diagrams are attached that depict some of the control methods commonly used for erosion and sediment control. Silt fence barriers and crushed rock temporary entrances are common control methods that can be effective for small projects. Additional methods, such as sediment traps and detention structures, are required for some projects and a qualified professional may need to specify the appropriate erosion and sediment control methods. See attached sheet titled Commonly Used Erosion Controls.

Activities Exempt from the Ordinance

Minor land disturbing activities are exempt such as: home gardens, landscaping, repairs and maintenance work, utility work, certain septic tank work, fencing, tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or silviculture crops, and certain emergency repairs.

^{**} If city engineer determines that the proposed development is in a vulnerable area (steep slopes, erodible soils, adjacent to sensitive areas, etc.)

and may cause degradation of the waters connected to the City's storm water system, then the provisions applicable to land disturbance areas between 3,000 and 10,000 sq. ft. shall apply.

^{***} A site specific Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) meeting MPCA NPDES Permit requirements for Construction Activity is required and shall be submitted to the City for review.

^{****} The MPCA Permit No. MN R 100001 is required (General Permit Authorization to Discharge Stormwater Associated with Construction Activity under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination), and a copy of permit to be submitted to City. See next page for internet link.

^{*****} Please see the City of Duluth UDC Article Two, Section 50-18.1.E to determine if the proposed project is required to meet permanent stormwater quality and rate control requirements and applicable fees.

City Land Disturbance (Erosion/Sediment Control Permit) Narrative Guidelines-rev 2010 These are the absolute minimum submittal requirements for all projects:

(1)	NAF A)	Provide a description of what you are doing and type foundation/disturbance. (e.g., constructing a 2,000 sq ft house w/full basement; constructing an attached 24x24 garage on slab; building a 20x15 house addition on frost footings, etc.)
	B)	How much land are you disturbing? Total: square feet Main soil type? Are you importing/exporting any fill? Amount
	C)	Describe the slope of the land and the slope of the adjacent land.
	D)	Describe all temporary erosion control devices you intend to use and show on an attached drawing where and when you will be installing them. [At a MINIMUM, you must have perimeter control such as silt fence and washed rock construction entrance.] Also, show and protect all stockpiles.
	E)	Final Stabilization. Date you will sod, or seed & mulch, or otherwise establish vegetation on the disturbed area. Method: Target Date: If site not vegetated by October 30 th , show winter-over methods (mulch, erosion blanket, etc.).
(2)	DRA A)	• Always clearly show the site grading/disturbance limits. • Also, show pre- and post-development drainage arrows.
	B)	Clearly show estimated land contours (hand drawn is acceptable for small projects).
	C)	Show any/all creeks, ditches, wetlands, or other sensitive areas within 200 feet of your site. • If none, so state:
	D)	Clearly show the amount and placement of silt fence, hay bales, construction entrance, etc.
	E)	Clearly show washed rock construction entrance. [<i>Minimum</i> : 12' W x 50' L x 6" deep] OR show mud mat reusable mat - $8' \times 45'$ minimum (see Brock White handout).
	F)	 Show and label streets and adjacent properties. Show catch basins/inlets. Clearly show all protective measures for those areas where sediment could migrate.
		For Large Projects, Commercial Projects, Complex Projects ~ Additional information and Design required - refer to City Ordinance 9365

Technical assistance: engineering 730-5200; [Gary Minck 730-5074]

ELEMENTS OF EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (ESCP)

ESCP Project Narrative

- (1) Project description
- (2) Phasing of construction
- (3) Existing site conditions
- (4) Adjacent areas affected by project
- (5) Critical areas identified
- (6) Erosion and sediment control measures
- (7) Soil descriptions
- (8) Permanent stabilization methods
- (9) Stormwater management considerations
- (10) Maintenance schedule for erosion and sediment measures
- (11) Calculations
- (12) Additional information required by the city engineer

Criteria to be considered in the ESCP

- (1) Stabilization of denuded areas and soil stockpiles
- (2) Establishment of permanent vegetation
- (3) Protection of adjacent properties
- (4) Timing and stabilization of sediment trapping measures
- (5) Use of sediment basins
- (6) Cut and fill slopes
- (7) Stormwater management criteria for controlling off site erosion
- (8) Stabilization of waterways and outlets
- (9) Stormwater management criteria for controlling off site erosion
- (10) Working in or crossing water bodies
- (11) Underground utility construction

- (12) Construction access routes
- (13) Disposition of temporary erosion and sediment control measures
- (14) Maintenance of erosion and sediment control practice

Site Map Requirements

- (1) Location Map
- (2) North Arrow
- (3) Scale (1 inch = 100 ft. or greater detail)
- (4) Benchmark
- (5) Existing contours at two ft. intervals, 200 ft. beyond boundary show watercourses/wetlands
- (6) Final contours
- (7) Existing vegetation trees, shrubs, grasses
- (8) Soil boundaries
- (9) Property boundary and lot lines
- (10) Elevations and grades street grades, pond elevations, etc.
- (11) Drainage arrows
- (12) Critical erosion areas
- (13) Clearing and grubbing limits
- (14) Utility plans
- (15) Location of erosion and sedimentation control practices
- basins, swales, silt fence, bales
- (16) Location of other practices
- (17) Plan preparer's signature, address and phone number
- (18) Responsible party name, address, and phone number
- (19) Delineation of applicable zoning boundaries

GENERAL NOTES FOR EROSION CONTROL

STRAW BALES or SILT FENCE

- *Put up before any other work is done
- *Install on downslope side(s) of site with ends extended up sideslopes a short distance
- *Place parallel to the contour of the land to allow water to pond behind the fence
- *Entrench 4 inches deep (see diagram)
- *Stake (every 3 feet minimum)
- *Leave no gaps/ overlap if necessary
- *Inspect often and maintain
- *Remove sediment when deposits reach half way up fence or bale

ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

- *Install a single construction access using large crushed rock (1 % " to 2 % ") to prevent tracking of soils off project site
- *Put rock 6 inches deep, 12 feet wide, 50 feet long
- * Maintain rock access through project end
- *All vehicles to use rock entrance

SEDIMENT CLEANUP

- *By the end of each work day, sweep/scrape up soil tracked on roads, alley, sidewalk
- * After a storm clean up soil washed off site onto sidewalks, streets, alleys.

REVEGETATION

*Seed & mulch, sod or mulch disturbed area as soon as project is completed

PRESERVING EXISTING VEGETATION

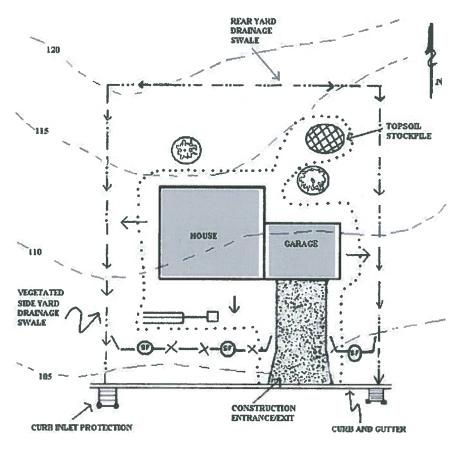
*Preserve existing trees, shrubs, sod, as much as possible

WARNING! Extra measures may be needed if your site:

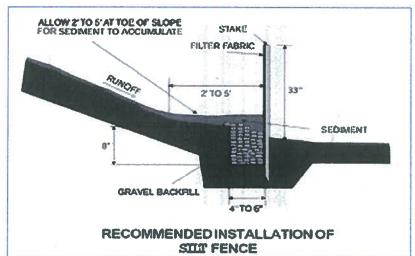
- *Has highly erodible soils
- *Is within 200 feet of a river or stream
- *Is within 1,000 feet of a lake
- *Is steeply sloped
- *Receives runoff from adjacent land

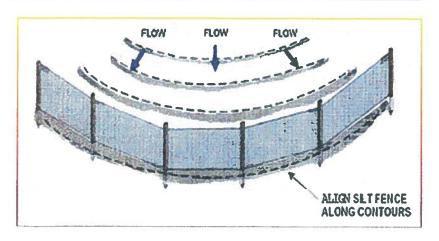
For more information on appropriate measures for your site, please call the ity of Duluth Engineering Division at 730-5200; Gary Minck, P.E. 218/730-5074

Sample Erosion/Sediment Control Plan for a Single Family Residence

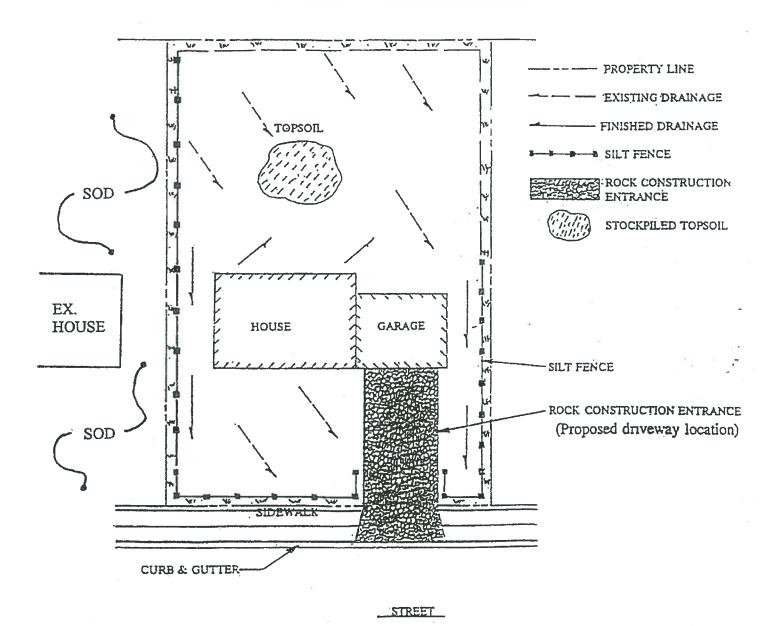








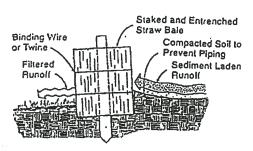
Erosion Control Practices for Small Sites



Commonly Used Erosion Controls

Straw Bale Fences

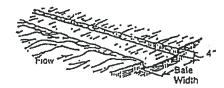
Figure 1—Cross Section of Straw Bale Installation



Source: Michigan Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Guidebook, 1975.

Figure 2—How to Install a Straw Bale Fence

1. Excavate a 4" deep trench.



 Anchor bales using two steel rebars or 2" x 2" wood stakes per bale. Drive stakes into the ground at least 8".



 Place bales in trench with bindings around sides away from the ground. Leave no gaps between bales.



Backfill and compact the excavated soil.



Silt Fences

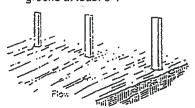
Figure 3—Cross Sections of Trenches for Silt Fences

Filter Fabric

purce: North Carolina Erosion and ediment Control Planning and Design

anual, 1988.

 Set stakes no more than 3 ft. apart and drive them into the ground at least 6".

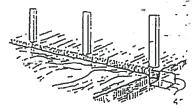


 Staple filter material on upslope side of stakes and extend it into the trench. When joints are necessary, overlap material between two stakes and fasten securely.



Figure 4—How to Install a Silt Fence

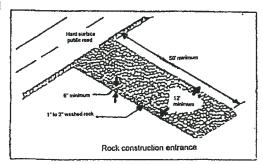
Excavate a 4" x 4" trench upslope along the line of stakes.



4. Backfill and compact the excavated soil.



Rock Construction Entrance



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